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What is claimed is:

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1. A polynucleotide encoding anti-freeze protein, comprising a nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:1.

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2. A nucleotide construct composed, in the following order, of a nucleotide sequence encoding anti-freeze protein comprising nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:1, protease cleavage site, multiple cloning site comprising sites recognized by plural restriction enzymes, and stop codon.

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- 3. A nucleotide construct composed, in the following order, of multiple cloning site comprising sites recognized by plural restriction enzymes, protease cleavage site, a nucleotide sequence encoding anti-freeze protein comprising nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:1, and stop codon.
- 4. The nucleotide construct according to claim 2 or 3, wherein said multiple cloning site comprises at least two recognition sites selected from the group consisting of NcoI, XbaI, and BamHI.

- 5. The nucleotide construct according to claim 2, wherein said protease cleavage site is enterokinase cleavage site.
- 6. The nucleotide construct according to claim 3, wherein said protease cleavage site is thrombin cleavage site.
 - 7. The nucleotide construct according to claim 2 or 3, wherein said stop codon is TAG.
- 30 8. The nucleotide construct according to claim 2, wherein said nucleotide construct comprises a nucleotide sequence represented

by SEQ ID NO:2.

- 9. The nucleotide construct according to claim 3, wherein said nucleotide construct comprises a nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:3.
- 10. An expression vector for plant comprising (i) the nucleotide construct according to claim 2 or 3, wherein a nucleotide sequence encoding a target protein is inserted into the multiple cloning site; (ii) a promoter that functions in plant cells to cause the production of an RNA molecule operably linked to the nucleotide construct of (i); and (iii) a 3'-non-translated region that functions in plant cells to cause the polyadenylation of the 3'-end of said RNA molecule.

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- 11. A method for preparing a transient transfected plant expressing a recombinant protein transiently, which comprises the steps of:
 - (a) introducing the plant expression vector according to claim 10 into a plant cell; and
 - (b) confirming whether the gene has been introduced into said plant cell.
- 12. A transient transfected plant prepared by the method according to claim 11, expressing the recombinant protein transiently.
 - 13. A method for producing a recombinant protein by using a transient transgenic plant as a bioreactor, which comprises the steps of:
- 30 (a) introducing the plant expression vector according to claim 10 into a plant cell;

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- (b) confirming whether the gene has been introduced into said plant cell; and
- (c) obtaining the recombinant protein from a plant comprising the plant cell introduce with the gene.

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- 14. A method for preparing a transgenic plant expressing a recombinant protein stably, which comprises the steps of:
 - (a) introducing the expression vector for plant according to claim 10 into a plant cell;
 - (b) selecting a transformed plant cell; and
 - (c) regenerating a plant from the transformed plant cell to obtain a transgenic plant.
- 15. A transgenic plant prepared by the method according to claim
 15. 14, expressing the recombinant protein stably.
 - 16. A method for producing a recombinant protein by using a transgenic plant as a bioreactor, which comprises the steps of:
 - (a) introducing the expression vector for plant according to claim 10 into a plant cell;
 - (b) selecting a transformed plant cell;
 - (c) regenerating a plant from the transformed plant cell to obtain a transgenic plant; and
 - (d) obtaining the recombinant protein from the transgenic plant.

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- 17. A recombinant protein produced by the method according to claim 13 or 16.
- 18. The method according to claim 13 or 16, said step of obtaining the recombinant protein is performed by using an ice-filled column.

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19. The method according to claim 13 or 16, said step of obtaining the recombinant protein is performed by using an ice-nucleation material comprising silver iodide crystal or alive or dead microorganism, *Pseudononas syringae*.

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20. The method according to claim 13 or 16, said step of obtaining the recombinant protein is performed by using a hypertonic solution comprising monosaccharides, disaccharides, polysaccharides or sugar-alcohol.

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21. The method according to claim 13 or 16, said step of obtaining the recombinant protein is performed by using a freeze-control device equipped with a low temperature controller and a stirrer, capable of controlling freezing-rate.

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22, The method according to claim 19 or 20, wherein said method further uses a freeze-control device equipped with equipped a low temperature controller and a stirrer, capable of controlling freezing-rate.

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- 23. A method for isolating AFP-fused recombinant protein, which comprises the step of;
 - (a) contacting to ice crystal a recombinant fusion protein comprising target protein and AFP; and
- 25 (b) recovering the ice crystal to which the recombinant protein is attached.
 - 24. The method according to claim 23, wherein said AFP is derived from plants, fungi or fishes.

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25. The method according to claim 23, said AFP corresponds to the

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ice crystal-attaching domain of the full length of AFP amino acid sequence.

- 26. The method according to claim 23, wherein said recombinant protein is produced by the method for preparing a transgenic plant expressing the recombinant protein, which comprises the steps of;
 - (a) preparing an expression vector comprising a construct in which a nucleotide sequence encoding AFP are linked to 5'-end or 3'-end of a nucleotide sequence encoding a target protein and protease cleavage site exists between the target protein-coding sequence and AFP-coding sequence;
 - (b) introducing the expression vector into a host; and
 - (c) selecting a transformed host.

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- 15 27. The method according to claim 26, wherein said protease cleavage site is enterokinase cleavage site.
 - 28. The method according to claim 26, wherein said expression vector is an expression vector for plant, animal or microorganism.
 - 29. The method according to claim 26, wherein said host is a cell of plant, animal or microorganism, a plant or an animal.